

c 508 BC

HORATIUS

PUBLIUS HORATIUS COCLES, legendary Roman hero. In c 508 BC he and two companions are said to have held the Sublican Bridge, the only remaining bridge across the TIBER, against the invading Etruscan army.

508 BC

## Rule of Cleisthenes

Development of Solon Constitution in more democratic manner.

Broke up tribes of Hill, Plain & Shore by dividing the sections equally into 10 tribes each made up of 100 DEMES or townships scattered throughout the country. All free born Athenians were made citizens. 50 from each of 10 Classes were drawn by lot & became the Senate of 500. They prepared the

laws to be presented to the Assembly.

Strategi - 10 generals were elected one from each tribe. These leaders in turn had control of the Army (in place of 4)

Ostrogoth: If he received 6000 secret votes in the Ecclesia. To be Ostrogoth was not considered a disgrace.

508 B.C.

CLEISTHENES at Athens introduced his reforms.

Introduced ostracism

508 BC

Rome

## THE ETRUSCAN WAR

The Romans were at first successful, but as the Etruscans advanced into Latium, they were defeated by the Latins, and being unable to subdue the Romans, Rome regained her former position of power.

HORATIO COCLES held the bridge over the TIBER.

508BC

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PONTIFEX MAXIMUS was created to  
overpower REX SACROVM

508 BC

DURANT

War with Etruscans. Horatius  
Cocles

508BC

DURANT

Carthage & Rome had made a treaty that recognized the hegemony of Rome over the coast of Latium, but pledged the Romans not to sail the Mediterranean west of Carthage, nor to land in Sardinia or Libya except for the brief repair or provisioning of ships. It became a common practice among the Carthaginians says a Greek

geographer, to draw any foreign sector  
found between Sardinia and Gibraltar